



THREAT BULLETINS

UPDATE: PrintNightmare - Microsoft Releases Out-of-Band Security Patch



TLP:WHITE

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7/6/2021 UPDATE:

Microsoft has released [out-of-band security updates](#) to address **PrintNightmare**, tracked as CVE-2021-34527, a remote code execution (RCE) vulnerability in the Windows Print Spooler service. According to the CERT Coordination Center (CERT/CC), the Microsoft Windows Print Spooler service fails to restrict access to functionality that allows users to add printers and related drivers, which can allow a remote authenticated attacker to execute arbitrary code with SYSTEM privileges on a vulnerable system.

Health-ISAC's Threat Operations Center (TOC) will continue to gather information about the issue as it becomes available.

7/2/2021 UPDATE:

Microsoft has provided mitigation guidance to block attacks on systems vulnerable to exploits targeting the Windows Print Spooler zero-day vulnerability known as **PrintNightmare**. The remote code execution bug, initially mistaken as an exploit to [CVE-2021-1675](#), is now being tracked as [CVE-2021-34527](#) and impacts all versions of Windows according to Microsoft.

While security updates have not been released yet, Microsoft has provided mitigation measures to block attackers from taking over vulnerable systems as the vulnerability has been **weaponized** and is actively being **exploited in the wild**.

Health-ISAC's Threat Operations Center (TOC) will continue to gather information about the issue as it becomes available.

Summary:

On June 30, 2021, the CERT Coordination Center (CERT/CC) released a [Vulnerability Note \(VU#383432\)](#) related to **PrintNightmare**, a critical remote code execution (RCE) vulnerability impacting the Windows Print Spooler service. The flaw allows a remote authenticated attacker to execute arbitrary code with SYSTEM privileges on a vulnerable system due to the Microsoft Windows Print Spooler service failing to restrict access to a native functionality.

The patch, according to many, appears to fail against the RCE aspect of the vulnerability. [One researcher on Twitter](#) shared insight that the **Microsoft Patch works effectively** provided administrators remove “Authenticated users” from “BuiltIn\Pre-Windows 2000 Compatible Access.”

The recent disclosure of an RCE Proof-of-Concept for PrintNightmare was done so in confusion over another Print Spooler vulnerability. Researchers at Sangfor assumed that their RCE Proof-of-Concept affecting Windows Print Spooler was the same as CVE-2021-1675 which had already been patched. The Proof-of-Concept exploit code which exploits the `RpcAddPrinterDriverEx()` function was shared on Github prior to its removal upon realizing the mistake.

The `RpcAddPrinterDriverEx()` function is used to install a printer driver on a system. One of the parameters to this function is the `DRIVER_CONTAINER` object, which contains information about which driver is to be used by the added printer. The other argument, `dwFileCopyFlags`, specifies how replacement printer driver files are to be copied. Although authentication is needed first, once an attacker obtains credentials, they can take advantage of the fact that any authenticated user can call `RpcAddPrinterDriverEx()` and specify a driver file that lives on a remote server. This results in the Print

Spooler service spoolsv.exe executing code in an arbitrary DLL file with SYSTEM privileges.

While Microsoft has released an update for CVE-2021-1675, it is important to realize that this update does not address the public exploits that also identify as CVE-2021-1675. Exploit code for this vulnerability that targets Active Directory domain controllers is [publicly available](#) on Github.

7/2/2021 UPDATE:

Microsoft confirmed that the PrintNightmare zero-day is actively being exploited in the wild as they continue to investigate the issue and find a fix.

7/6/2021 UPDATE:

The updates are cumulative and contain all previous fixes as well as protections for CVE-2021-1675. The updates, however, do not include Windows 10 version 1607, Windows Server 2012, or Windows Server 2016. Microsoft states updates for these versions are forthcoming.

According to CERT/CC, the Microsoft update for CVE-2021-34527 only appears to address the Remote Code Execution (RCE via SMB and RPC) variants of the PrintNightmare, and not the Local Privilege Escalation (LPE) variant. To address this issue, the CERT Coordination Center (CERT/CC) has provided [workarounds](#) for the LPE variant.

Reference(s)

[cisa](#), [US-CERT](#), [Bleeping Computer](#), [GitHub](#), [GitHub](#), [Microsoft](#), [Bleeping Computer](#), [Microsoft](#), [Microsoft](#), [Bleeping Computer](#), [Krebs on Security](#)

Recommendations

- Administrators are encouraged to disable systems that act as print servers.
- Administrators should employ the following best practices from Microsoft's [how-to guide](#).
- Block port 445/TCP and 135/TCP at your perimeter.
- Enable "PrintService-Operational" event logging in addition to considering [Sigma rules](#) for detecting print spooler exploitation.

Sources

[CISA: PrintNightmare, Critical Windows Print Spooler Vulnerability](#)

[CERT Coordination Center: Microsoft Windows Print Spooler Function Allows for RCE](#)

[Public Windows PrintNightmare 0-Day Exploit Allows Domain Takeover](#)

[CVE-2021-1675 Print Spooler Exploitation](#)

[Detection and Remediation Information for CVE-2021-1675](#)

[Windows Print Spooler Remote Code Execution Vulnerability](#)

[Microsoft Shares Mitigations for Windows PrintNightmare Zero-Day Bug](#)

[Windows Print Spooler RCE Vulnerability Out-of-Band Update](#)

[Microsoft Pushes Emergency Update for Windows PrintNightmare Zero-Days](#)

[Krebs on Security: Microsoft Issues Emergency Patch for Windows Flaw](#)

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Tags CVE-2021-34527, PrintNightmare, Microsoft

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