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The Latest Developments Driving the Transformation of Care

THIS WEEK



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Forecast calls for extension of healthy years

During the recent CB Insights Future of Health Conference, Natan Reddy, a senior intelligence analyst, asked a simple question with anything but a simple answer. What would the world look like if people began living to age 150?

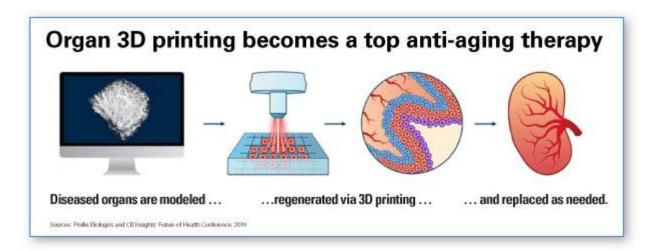
The idea was not to introduce science fiction scenarios to see how long life can be extended, but to explore the rapidly expanding field of increasing the human health span — the time that one is healthy in life. Even though life expectancies continue to increase, a large gap remains between the average health span (age 63) and the average life span (age 79), according to the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development data.

In recent years, researchers, drug developers, venture capitalists and others have been pouring huge sums of money into better understanding this issue. They believe that as health care providers, consumers, payers and others focus greater attention on wellness, and as progress continues on addressing the leading causes of death such as heart disease and cancer, we will see the human health span expand significantly.

Reddy says many advancing technologies — from gene editing to telehealth to organ transplantation — that address care at all stages of life will contribute to gains in the health span.

Among some of the anticipated future advances, Reddy forecasts that:

- Universal genetic screening will become the standard as physicians and parents seek to
 provide the most accurate and timely care to babies with congenital diseases. Similarly,
 prenatal gene editing will become a more common form of disease risk intervention
 despite the controversies surrounding it.
- Smartphones and users' screen habits will be studied more closely to monitor behavioral health and to help spot suicide risks among teens. Behavioral biomarkers will be used to identify red flags among patients with various behavioral health conditions.
- Smart bathrooms that use sensors and other devices to track consumers' vital signs over time will help detect underlying conditions sooner, before serious diseases surface.
- 3D organ printing and organ transplantation among seniors will increase as solutions
 develop in this area. <u>LyGenesis Inc.</u>, a Pittsburgh-based biotech startup, recently
 announced it will begin clinical trials in 2020 for patients with end-stage liver disease. The
 company's technology uses an individual's lymph nodes as bioreactors to regrow
 functioning organs ectopically within his or her own body.



These and other trends will have major implications for all with a stake in health care, including:

Therapeutics and diagnostic firms: As the market expands for wellness and digital therapeutics, drugmakers will need to diversify their offerings in these categories.

Distributors and retailers: Drug deliveries increasingly will go direct to consumers as people age and receive treatment at home, forcing retailers and distributors to invest in next-generation delivery solutions.

Providers: As demand for inpatient care continues to decline amid lower rates of chronic and fatal disease, organizations will need to shift to telehealth and hospital-at-home preventive capabilities.

Payers: Aging demographics will place a massive strain on publicly funded health care, leading private insurers to see more demand for products aimed at the elderly.

Health IT vendors: With patients focused on living longer, they will demand more insights from their medical data. Vendors must develop new software tools that allow patients to own their data.

NEW AHA TOOL HELPS FRAME PROBLEM SOLVING FOR BIG CHALLENGES



Looking for a better way to frame health care challenges and design potential solutions to advance new ideas and drive change? Check out the AHA Center for Health Innovation's Solvathon Re-Playbook.

The re-playbook illustrates how to use design-thinking tools employed during the AHA Center for Health Innovation's 2019

Solvathon to approach some of the biggest challenges facing the health care field. The Solvathon event included 200 emerging health care leaders who identified 250 solution concepts to address pain points in the health care experience.

The top six solutions selected by the participants are highlighted in the re-playbook. These include concepts such as: MapElderCare.com, a web-based application to help individuals who provide care to others; and Operation Grandparent, an app that connects older adults to a social network and provides necessary resources. Patients are matched with resources and connections based on their wants and needs.

NEW MARKET ENTRANTS HAVEN HEALTHCARE AND FITBIT ON THE MOVE

After a lengthy period of silence, the JPMorgan Chase-Amazon-Berkshire Hathaway Haven Healthcare venture has offered two health plans to some of the firms' 1.2 million employees.



About 30,000 JPMorgan Chase workers in Ohio and Arizona can opt into one of two plans in 2020 that will be run by Cigna

and Aetna, according to a <u>Bloomberg</u> report. Under the plans, JPMorgan Chase employees' copays will range from \$15 to \$110 for most services, with more expensive care and hospitalization coming with higher fees.

Additionally, Amazon will offer health plans for its employees in Connecticut, North Carolina, Utah and Wisconsin. The plans were created by the online retail giant in consultation with Haven and insurance providers.

Meanwhile, Google's parent company Alphabet recently agreed to buy Fitbit for about \$2.1 billion. That will make Alphabet a direct competitor to Apple in the fitness tracking space. Fitbit, which pioneered wearable technologies, is now forming partnerships with health insurers including Humana, Cigna and Blue Cross Blue Shield Association.

We want to hear from you! Please send your feedback to Bob Kehoe at rkehoe@aha.org.

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